

Louisville Daily Express.

OLD SERIES--VOL. XXV.

LOUISVILLE, MONDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 1, 1869.

NEW SERIES--VOL I. NO. 175.

THE CITY.

Public Installation.

There will be a public installation of Louisville Lodge, No. 220, I. O. G. T., and also a presentation of a premium set of regalia to-night at Templars' Hall, corner Green and Eleventh streets.

August No. 11.

Held Sunday, October 31st, 1869, at the house of Parmelia Smith, No. 43, on the alley, between High street and Portland avenue and Twelfth and Thirteenth streets, on the body of an infant. The verdict of the jury was that the child was of premature birth from causes unknown.

R. A. SHADBURN, Coroner J. C.

The best cigars in the market can be had at Edward Peynado & Co.'s Galt House stand.

Great Base Ball Match.

The Mutuals, of New York, and the famous "Red Stockings" will play a match game in Cincinnati on Saturday next. There is a rumor afloat that the Cincinnati club will also shortly tackle our own "Kentucky" club. If so, when next they play their base ball match, may we be there to see.

Stop It.

The boys have lately taken up for a play the slinging of pebbles, &c. from small rubber slings, in the streets. This is dangerous amusement, and should be stopped at once. A little boy was hit in the eye, a day or two since, and seriously hurt, and no one is telling how many accidents may occur if the practice is not stopped.

St. Louis Air Line.

The Commissioners of Floyd county, Indiana, met at New Albany Saturday, and adopted the proposition of submitting to the citizens of that county a subscription by the county to the stock of the St. Louis Air Line road. The amount of subscription is ninety-five thousand dollars, and the vote will be taken on the fifth of next month.

Columbus and Tennessee River Railroad.

The Columbus (Ky.) Dispatch says that there is a great deal of talk in that part of the State about constructing a road from that place, via Maburn and Mayfield, to interest or form a junction with the Evansville and Paducah Railroad at or near the point where it is to cross the Tennessee river. It is thought a meeting will be held soon to give the project form.

If you wish to smoke a good imported cigar, buy from Edward Peynado & Co., Louisville Hotel stand.

I. O. G. T.

At a regular meeting of Olive Branch Lodge, No. 177, I. O. G. T., at their hall, Saturday night, October 30th, 1869, the following officers were elected to serve the ensuing term: James Harris, W. C. T.; Miss Kate Murray, W. V. T.; — Simpson, W. See, J. M. Bowers, W. F. S.; Mrs. Katie Bowers, W. T.; L. D. Pearson, Jr. W. M. Miss Bell's Smith, I. G.; Geo. E. Foskett, O. G.; James A. Breeding, P. W. C. T.; James C. Gill, L. D.

Louisville Opera House.

This evening Mrs. D. P. Powers, one of the celebrated actresses of the Eastern cities, will appear before a Louisville audience, we believe for the first time in four years. On this occasion she will be supported by the talented young actor, J. C. McCullum, and the company. She will produce a dramatization of Mrs. Henry Wood's popular novel, "Lady Andley's Secret," in which she appears as Lady Andley and Mr. McCullum as Robert Andley.

Death on the Rail.

A wood-chopper named Montgomery was killed Friday night, on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, half a mile north of the Bardstown junction, the body being cut entirely in two, and much mutilated otherwise. He was seen in that vicinity Friday afternoon very drunk, and it is believed that he lay down across the track and went to sleep, and in that position was killed by one of the night-trains. The body was found Saturday morning.

The Worrell Sisters.

To-night these far-famed and beautiful young ladies will make their first appearance at Weisiger Hall. They will open with a grand musical and historical burlesque entitled the Grand Duettes. In this they will be supported by those New York favorites, George Lingard, James Dunn, George Aikins and others. The success which has attended them everywhere else will, no doubt, be accorded to them here.

EXPLOSION OF A FURNACE.

Panic in Church.

Yesterday forenoon, the Unitarian Church, corner of Fifth and Walnut, was the scene of an explosion, which, fortunately, did not result in any damage, but caused a great panic in the congregation for a few minutes. Rev. Mr. Heywood had begun the morning service—in fact, had entered upon his sermon about ten minutes—when a noise was heard under the floor, as if something very heavy had fallen, and the house was considerably shaken by the accident, whatever it might prove to be. This noise and jar did not excite any particular alarm, though all heard it, and were aroused; some, no doubt, thinking it the shock of an earthquake, inasmuch as several shocks have been felt lately in the North. Not more than half a minute elapsed from the occurrence of the noise, when every register in the house began to belch out huge volumes of smoke and gas, so that the house was very shortly filled. When the smoke made its appearance, frightened upon the large majority of the audience; suppressed screams were heard all over the house; there was a hurried rushing for the door. For about one minute there was a perfect panic, but by the coolness and calmness of Mr. Heywood, Mr. Sures, Dr. Goldard and some others, something like order was restored, and the people left the smoke-filled church without crushing each other to death. An examination revealed the fact that in filling the furnace with a fresh supply of coal, the smoke-flues were not sufficient to carry off the rapid accumulation of gas and the cap funnel was blown off; the air-chambers were immediately filled, and of course the only outlet was into the body of the church. The damage is a mere nothing, and the funnel was refitted to its place in a short time.

Police Report for October.

We are indebted to the courtesy of Mr. Jo. H. Bibb, clerk to the Police Commissioners, for a copy of Capt. Shadburn's monthly report of arrests during the month of October. The total number of arrests was 317. Of these the felonies numbered 59, divided as follows: Americans, 43; Irish, 7; German, 11; Negro, 28. Misdemeanors numbered 228, as follows: Americans, 87; Irish, 71; German, 45; Negro, 23. From this report it would appear that October was not a very busy month with the police. As there were 31 days in the month, it gives an average of 10 7/31 per day; and as there are about 90 officers, there was in the whole month to each officer an average of about 3 1/3 arrests, or one arrest every nine days for each member of the force. This is a pretty fair record for the city, and would seem to show that we are generally a law-abiding people.

Railroad Matters in Eastern Kentucky.

A meeting has been called for to-day, November 1st, at Greenupburg, of all who are interested in extending the Hunnewell Railroad to Grayson, and in building the Tygart creek road to the Lambert ore banks. Carter county, of which Grayson is the county seat, has already subscribed fifty thousand dollars toward giving that county connection with the Ohio at Greenupburg. The Hunnewell Railroad Company have asked for ten thousand dollars additional, and it is believed, will get it. Eastern Kentucky, so long in recognizing its true interests, is at length waking up.

The Heavy Robbery.

The case of Meadows, Blankenship and Simmons, for stealing the seven thousand dollars from Mr. Joe Blankenship, was concluded in the City Court Saturday morning, a scaffold going way, by which several workmen were thrown to the ground, a distance of 15 or 20 feet, and five or six of them considerably injured. Three of them were brick-masons from this city, to-wit: Wm. Dale, Wm. Wilson and The Sale. The others were laborers, but their names were not learned.

Hunting Work.

Saturday afternoon two young chaps, of respectable appearance, aged about seventeen or eighteen years, applied at the First-street station for permission to stay until to-day. They said they had just arrived from Cincinnati—came down to look for work, but had no money to pay for board and lodging. They were permitted to remain.

Killing at Brandenburg.

A passenger that three men were killed at the tunnel on the Shelly branch railroad proves to be incorrect. There was an accident, and three men were injured, but, fortunately, not killed. John Roach had a leg broken and his head cut, Thos. Brannon had a leg broken and his face cut, and Tim Hunter was cut about the head and somewhat bruised. None of the injuries, however, are very serious.

ERRONEOUS.

The report that three men were killed at the tunnel on the Shelly branch railroad proves to be incorrect. There was an accident, and three men were injured, but, fortunately, not killed. John Roach had a leg broken and his head cut, Thos. Brannon had a leg broken and his face cut, and Tim Hunter was cut about the head and somewhat bruised. None of the injuries, however, are very serious.

SCHOOL MATTERS.

The Board of Trustees meet to-night in regular monthly session. To-day, in accordance with regulations adopted, the hours of school will be changed. The one session per day will begin this morning. The schools will open at 9 a.m., and close at 2 p.m., with a recess of fifteen minutes between 10 and 11, and half an hour between 12 and 1.

A Fall.

An old lady, whose name did not reach us, slipped at the crossing of Congress alley, on Tenth street, Saturday, and fell to the ground, injuring the cap of her knee. She was about sixty years old, and the fall may prove more serious than expected. Her wounds were dressed by a surgeon and she managed to make her way home.

Odds and Ends.

County Court meets to-day, and one of its important duties will be the election, for the ensuing year, of a physician for the jail. Dr. H. D. Pope, who has filled the position for the past year with perfect satisfaction, is a candidate for re-election.

Mr. Richard Totten, who, last week, by a mistake of Bishop Smith, was consecrated to the office of bishop, instead of deacon, in Lexington, was, some eighteen months ago, clerk in the drug store of Dr. T. J. Helm, at the corner of Seventh and Walnut streets, in this city.

Officer McGuire yesterday arrested and locked up in the Green-street station one C. Ward, a resident of Limerick, on the charge of drunkenness and abuse of his family.

Officers Needy and Rodgers yesterday arrested Charles and John Peterson and James Dougherty, for being drunk and committing an unprovoked assault on George Schwing. The three were locked up in the Green street station.

Yesterday was one of the most lovely days we have had in a long time. The examination of Mr. Glare, in the City Court, Saturday afternoon, resulted in his discharge, the proof all being, that the shooting of Bensinger was entirely an accident.

Coroner Shadburne was called yesterday to hold an inquest on the body of an infant, in an alley, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth and High street and Portland avenue. An examination of all the facts proved the child to be still-born.

The rink Saturday night was the gayest, liveliest, happiest place we have seen in a long time. The skaters enjoyed themselves greatly, and the spectators were not a whit behind them.

Rev. Dr. R. H. Rivers, pastor of the Broadway M. E. Church, South, will, this evening, deliver a lecture before the Young Men's Christian Association. Subject—The Young Men of our Country—their Dangers and Duties." He will have a large audience to hear him in the rooms of the association.

COURTS ARRIVED.

The Jeffersonville penitentiary on Saturday received five convicts per the steamer Morning Star from Vanderburgh county, Indiana. Daniel Richardson, Jos. Parker, G. Pinich, H. Schafer and J. Owen (negro) are their names. When the boat landed at Muncieport, about five o'clock in the morning, Richardsons slipped his manacles off his wrists, slid down the fender, and endeavored to make his escape, which he came very near doing, but he was seen, the alarm given, and, after pursuit, he was captured.

PERSONAL.

Dr. David Cummins, the eminent surgeon, has just returned from his European tour. The Doctor is in fine health. While he was in Paris, he met with our former fellow-citizen, Paul Shipman, Esq., who, with his wife, was enjoying the gayeties of Parisian life.

Mr. Welsh-Edwards, in other years connected with the Louisville Theater, now belongs to the Worrell Sisters' company. Judge Bland Ballard, Colonel Bristow, General Murray and other officers of the United States District Court, left Sunday afternoon for Paducah, where they will hold a term of the court.

ACCIDENT IN ELIZABETHTOWN.

The Elizabethtown and Paducah railroad company are erecting a large round house in Elizabethtown. Saturday morning, a scaffolding gave way, by which several workmen were thrown to the ground, a distance of 15 or 20 feet, and five or six of them considerably injured.

Three of them were brick-masons from this city, to-wit: Wm. Dale, Wm. Wilson and The Sale. The others were laborers, but their names were not learned.

TOO Hasty.

Last week at the corner of Sixteenth and Walnut ear No. 3 stopped to take on a couple of ladies, one old and one young. The young lady entered and the other, at least sixty-five years of age, had caught hold of the iron guard at the door, and had one foot on the step, when the driver started his horses. A couple of passengers sprang to the rescue, and succeeded in taking her safely within. Had they not done so she would have been thrown into the street, and might have been seriously injured. Car drivers cannot be too careful in letting out or taking in passengers.

DANGEROUS COLLISION.

Saturday evening a couple of one-horse wagons came into collision on Market street, just below Eighth, and for a time it was feared death of one or more was to be the result. One of Mr. Merkel's bread-wagons, driven by Mr. Duffy, was going down street, and a spring-wagon, containing three ladies, was coming up. Mr. Duffy exerted himself to the best of his ability to hold in or turn aside his horse, as soon as he saw the danger, but the horse was a large, powerful animal, and very hard-mouthed; he was also running a pretty good gait. The wheels of the two wagons came together with a clash and jar, which threw all the ladies out into the street. Mr. Wise, who has a grocery at the corner, rushed out as soon as possible. One of the ladies was helping herself up, the other two lay across the cart-track as if dead. He raised the head of one, and with assistance, which had by this time arrived, carried her into the house, and laid her down on a sofa. In a moment longer the other was brought in. Neither gave any sign of life—not breath, no pulsation. One was an old lady apparently 65 years of age, the other a young girl of about 17. Ladies in the neighborhood hastened to the scene, and after working over them with rubbing, and application of spirits, both came to. In half an hour, they were able to sit up. They proved to be Germans, not able to speak English, who have but lately arrived, and are now living on Broadway, near Twenty-third street. As soon as they were sufficiently restored, they entered the wagon, which had not been injured, and started home. The old lady, when asked if she was much hurt, replied in German that she felt considerable pain in her back. The jar of the collision and the fall across the rail-track came very near being fatal to both of them. For a short time the breath had been knocked out of both. This should be a lesson about fast driving in the streets.

THE FIGHTERS.

THE APPROACHING BIG BATTLE.

FAIR PLAY ASSURED.

From the Cincinnati Commercial.

We are on the eve of another exciting event in the now disgraceful history of the prize ring in this country—such an one as will attract hither every such a crowd as came to see McCole whip Aaron Jones, and we much fear, such elements as were gathered here when Coburn feared to face the giant the second time. It is not very likely, however, that this event will be characterized by such disgraceful scenes as was that down at Cold Spring Station. It will not, probably, be a meeting of a thousand professional thieves, and an occasion for their work on an unprotected crowd. Nor are we likely to have such contemptible work here on the 10th, as has twice settled, beyond dispute, the assertion that fair play cannot be had in the vicinity of St. Louis. When Tom Allen and Mike McCole strip to their fighting costumes and naked arms and bodies on this occasion, it will be in the presence of a crowd so evenly distributed that neither will dare to undertake dirty work. The game Englishman will have only a man to fight here—not ruffians, knives, pistols and clubs, as on the islands of the Mississippi.

THE PROSPECTS.

The indications, to-day, are that the fight will surely take place on Wednesday of next week, within fifty miles of Cincinnati. McCole will reach here to-morrow, and take up his quarters within easy distance of the fighting ground. He comes well trained, it is said, with much of his surplus flesh off and with all his old strength and formidable appearance. He comes, too, a desperate man, from whom the laurels of many victories have been torn. To win them back, he must whip the man who has wrenches them from him. Not long since, in this city, he said to a friend of Allen: "I know my reputation's gone; but I've got a chance yet, and I'll whip that man if it's in me to do it."

[McCole intended his career as a prize-ring bruiser in 1858, when he whipped one Perry in a pitched battle near Louisville.—Ed.]

THE SILVER WEDDING.

One of the most joyous occasions that has occurred of late, was the celebration, last Saturday evening, of their silver wedding by Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Haldeman, at their residence, on Sixth street, near Broadway. The company present was mostly for its select and sociable character than for its numbers, and the entertainment set for them was enjoyed with that delight engendered by esteem and affection for the givers, heightened by the occasion. Mr. and Mrs. Haldeman were the recipients of some very elegant presents—two especially worthy of note. One of these was a full set of plate, presented by some of their numerous friends; the other was a full set presented by the trustees of the Louisville Medical University. These, handsome as they could be, were only outward expressions of that warm friendship and hearty esteem which animated the donors. Twenty-five years ago, two happy young hearts were joined. Twenty-five years ago have gone into the past, but to find those two hearts grown into one—having but one aim, one purpose, one desire. Twenty-five years, in passing, have gathered other young and loving hearts, which cluster around and lean their heads upon the parent heart—their home, their joy, their love. May they and all they have, when twenty-five years more have joined the past, be gathered to a golden wedding, where this two-one shall be crowned with the golden glory of a well-spent, happy life.

RECAPITULATION.

Fires, October 1—Market, between Fifth and Sixth, loss \$16; insurance \$10; no damage.

Fire, October 3—E. H. Bland, Tenth and Washington, loss \$100; insurance \$50; accidental.

Fire, October 5—Harrig, Koop & Co., Third and Chestnut; loss trifling; accidental.

Fire, October 12—Deppen's paper mill, Tenth, between Main and river; loss trifling; accidental.

Alarm, October 15—Bartling, at top of Jefferson street; loss trifling; accidental.

Fire, October 18—Barney, Post & Co., Fifth and Chestnut; loss trifling; accidental.

Fire, October 21—Charles Sessor, First and Chestnut; loss trifling; accidental.

Fire, October 22—Henry Hoskiss, Chestnut, between Main and Sixth; loss \$50; insurance \$200; accidental.

Fire, October 25—E. Stokes, Sixth, between Main and Broadway; loss \$8; insurance \$200; accidental.

Fire, October 28—J. S. Speed, Tenth, between Main and Chestnut; loss \$5; insurance \$100; accidental.

DAILY EXPRESS.

PUBLISHED BY THE
EXPRESS PRINTING COMPANY.
—OFFICE—
No. 112 JEFFERSON STREET.

TERMS.
One copy, one year, by mail.....\$8.00
One copy, six months, by mail.....\$4.50
no copy, three months, by mail.....\$2.50
no copy, one month, by mail.....\$1.25
NOT PAYABLE ALWAYS IN ADVANCE.
Delivered in the city, 15 cents per week,
payable in the carrier. To News Agents, 2
cents per copy.

LOUISVILLE.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1869.

Grant and the Gold Swindle.

The public mind is not satisfied as to the innocence of Grant & Co. in the late gold swindle in New York. Some people think the President was concerned in the affair, some think he was not, and others don't know what to think. One thing is certain, and that is, that all the care Grant has taken of his family has not taught all the members of his family to take care of him. His brother-in-law, Corbin, has done him an awful amount of damage; and there can be but little doubt that Corbin married into the Grant family for the purpose of making use of them.

To understand the position of President Grant in this gold affair, a little explanation is necessary to those who do not know what is called a "corner." There are in New York in round numbers about \$20,000,000 of gold. When Fisk and Gould, therefore, undertook to make what is called a "corner" in gold, they had scarcely to buy up all of this gold they could and get control of the balance.

This done they could dictate prices to all who wanted to buy, and more than this, by inducing parties to sell their gold deliverable on a certain day at a fixed price, they could settle as they wished. If, therefore, on the same Friday, Fisk and Gould had not to the \$20,000,000 of gold in New York, and had bought as much more as they could, of course it would be impossible for the delivery to be made without a purchase of the gold from Fisk and Gould themselves. This would be a "corner," and Fisk and Gould could fix the price at which the gold was to be delivered, or, in other words, could say to the "shorts" at what price they could settle for the gold they could not deliver.

The only difficulty in the way of this "corner" being successful, was the gold in the sub-treasury of the United States. Of course, if the hundred millions of the Government could be thrown upon the market the "corner" was a failure.

It was necessary, therefore, for Fisk and Gould to have an understanding about what would be done with the Government gold. And this understanding must be clear and distinct enough to satisfy cold, calculating minds. No matter how great recalls we may deem Gould and Fisk, we are not inclined to consider them fools. They must have been satisfied before they undertook to make the "corner" that they would not be interfered with by the Government gold. That they were satisfied on this point, there can be no doubt, from the very fact that they undertook to corner gold.

The Farmers' Home Journal, published at Lexington, Ky., will be enlarged by the addition of ten more columns at the beginning of the new year, and to increase its subscription list it will be forwarded from this time until January, 1870, without charge, to every subscriber for that year. This increased size will render the Home Journal one of the largest (as it has always been one of the very best) agricul-tural journals in the country. As this paper is a home institution, published in the garden of the world, and amid the largest stock raisers of any country, it has peculiar claims upon the patronage of Kentuckians, and we hope will ungrudgingly be given. If persons prefer, Mr. J. J. Miller, the publisher, will send it from this time to January for fifty cents.

SOME months ago a brilliant wedding took place in San Francisco, the high contracting parties being Mr. Augustus Bowie and Miss Friedlander, a Jewess. The happy couple departed on a European tour, and it now appears that the groom has deserted his bride in Paris, after squandering her marriage portion, \$300,000, and all her jewels. Mrs. Friedlander has started for Paris to take care of her unfortunate daughter. During a scene of mutual recrimination, it is reported that Bowie blotted the eyes of his wife.

The question then comes up. How did Corbin satisfy Gould and Fisk that President Grant was to be depended upon? Did he show them a letter from Grant promising not to let the gold of the treasury interfere with their scheme? What was that letter, sent off by Corbin to Grant, at the instance of the conspirators, about? What answer did the letter bring? It is not possible to clear President Grant of suspicion until a full explanation shall show how it was that Corbin convinced Gould and Fisk that Grant was all right.

It is possible that Corbin may have promised more for Grant than the facts justified. But would Gould and Fisk take dubious promises in that line? Were they too shrewd to be caught depending on anything short of something as positive as writing? And if Corbin showed any thing like a writing from Grant that was not genuine let the last come to light. It is better for Corbin to go down to an infamy from which he can never rise, than for mere suspicion to rest upon the President of the United States of having been concerned in the use of the public money for his own private gain, or for the gain of his friends.

The best thing for General Grant, therefore, is a full and fair investigation. If he is innocent, let the facts all come to full light, and let the guilty be fixed where it belongs. It is brother-in-law, Corbin, has used him ill, let Corbin suffer for it. It may turn out that, in the President's efforts to shield his

brother-in-law, he may ruin himself. It is better to let Corbin go to ruin, if by so doing the President can be ruined. Corbin is but an individual, and not an important one at that; but Grant is President of the United States of America. We are not sure that even the sacrifice of Corbin will save Grant, but it seems to us that such is the President's only hope. There are not a few who think that Grant has been ill used in this matter by Corbin; and if such is the truth, the sooner Grant turns over his brother-in-law to his fate, the better. As things now stand, Grant cannot be deemed entirely clear until he is proved innocent.

MCGARRAHL.

It will be seen by a telegraphic dispatch that the McGarran case is before the Supreme Court of the District in Washington. The public frequently hear of the McGarran case, which is becoming quite as famous as Jarndee vs. Jarndee, immortalized by Dickens' pen. But that was fiction, and this is reality. It is for the possession of certain quicksilver mines in California, of great value. McGarran bought the claim (a Mexican land grant) under a decree of the United States District Court of the State in 1857, but his adversaries, who have not the shade of a title, by the free use of money, together with the flagrant corruption of government officials, whom they subsidized, have kept possession of his property. They have plundered the rightful owner to the amount of millions, and thus far he has vainly sought for justice. As a last resort he appealed to Congress, and the House of Representatives, during the last term, passed a bill for his relief; the Judiciary Committee having unanimously reported in his favor; but this was defeated in the Senate by the sharp practice of several Senators, who, by a trick, killed the bill. It is said there are proofs in existence that some of these office men were paid for their infamous services. We hope they may be forthcoming, and the soundards held up to public view. He reads that. His friends never suspect him of such a thing before.

The Henderson and Nashville Railroad.

This road is most important to the interests of Southern Kentucky, and, in certain contingencies, may be equally so to Louisville. General Boyle, the President, has displayed wonderful capacity and energy in hurrying it towards completion, especially when he has encountered great opposition from many who should have been friends to the enterprise.

The Madisonville Times thus rebukes one of this class:

The Hopkinsville Conservative speaks flippantly of General Boyle because he happened to be Military Governor of Kentucky during the war. We, for one, do not propose to fix up a man's politics with the commercial interests of our section of the State, and this attempt of the Conservative to resurrect General Boyle's past military rank in order to prejudice the completion of our road, is unmanly, ungenerous and unjust; in short, it is suicidal to the commercial interests of Southern Kentucky.

A joke on Humphrey Marshall.

Generals Breckinridge and Marshall had a pleasant meeting the other day in our city. In joke, another Gen. B. told the following, which very ingeniously hits off Gen. Marshall's immense size:

When General M. heard that Gen. P. had intended entering Kentucky with his command, he felt as if his own preserves were being poached upon, and sent word to P. that he must not come into the State. P. replied that he was preparing, and intended to enter Kentucky at once. Marshall declared that if he did, he would have to pass over his (Marshall's) dead body, whereupon P. responded that that he too much to expect of his artillery, but if he found the obstacle in his way, he would immediately tunnel through! —Paris Kentucky.

This is pretty rough on Humphrey; but for ourselves, we think only of his great brain, and forget his great body.

The New York Tribune heads a paragraph about George H. Yeaman, our late Minister to Denmark, "A Kentucky Statesman on P. L.ities." We know the blush of modesty will cover George's cheek when he reads that. His friends never suspect him of such a thing before.

CITY ITEMS.

SHIUEWBURG OYSTERS,
Delicious,
At the ST. CHARLES.

FREIGHTS.

Those made by Fay, 71 Fourth street, are unsurpassed. They are pretty; they never fade; they are cheap. Try Fay and be well satisfied.

THE following prizes were drawn in Louisville in Collyer's last drawing at Hopkinsville on Nov. 1, 1869, and sold by W. Scott Glorie, corner of Third and 30th:

One thousand dollars in greenbacks was drawn by Mr. Fitch, with K. P. Thixton, Market street. A \$200 bill which was drawn by John Temple.

One prize of \$150.

Four prizes of \$50 each.

Prizes of \$25, \$15, \$10, and sixty-five other prizes in value from \$5 to \$25.

The next drawing takes place November 22. Tickets for sale at W. Scott Glorie, corner Third and J. Jackson. Tickets \$1, or six for \$5.

JOSEPH KOTH,

Merchant tailor and draper, No. 59 East Market street, near Floyd, calls the attention of all who wish the best goods of the lowest prices, to his fine assortment of made-up garments, as well as his splendid stock of materials. Your measure will be taken, if desired, and a perfect fit guaranteed. Fully supplied with all DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS.

For the Information
of all such as may not have been already informed as to the wonderful merits of Horne's MALT EXTRACT, we would state that it is an excellent strengthening beverage, a delightful tonic, and a pleasant remedy, and we confidently commend its use to all suffering from disorders of the throat, chest, lungs or stomach, as well as to those needing an invigorator, a tonic or a beverage, instead of porter, ale, beer or other alcoholic drinks.

SOULD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS.

SELLING 2000

Walter's Tonic Bitter.

Advertise themselves. All that the people want to know is that they can be bought from all drugists and dealers generally.

They "go for them," come for them, send them, run for them, write for them, telephone for them, and—take them, satisfied they are the best tonic in the world.

J. GRIGGS & SONS' Clothing House,

CORNER MARKET and FIRST Streets. Established thirty years. See advertisement in another column.

SELLING 2000

Emerson's Printing and Engraving.

WEAVING and VISITING CARDS, MONOGRAMS, ETC., engraved to order. INITIAL STAMPING free. Visiting Cards printed from type. A large assortment of the best French and American note paper always on hand.

FRANK MAHON'S, Jefferson street, bet. Third and Fourth, opposite

W. C. G. T.

PUBLIC INSTALLATION.—There will be a public installation of the officers of Louisville Lodge, No. D. G. T., and also a present to the "newly installed" regulars Regulars by J. M. Deakins, G. W. C. A. Tempars Hall, corner of Eleventh and Main streets, on Saturday evening, at 8 o'clock. Tickets to be sold at the door. CHAS. O. HOFFMAN, W. T. J. E. CARE, W. S.

SELLING 2000

STEAK R.

SELLING 2000

SELLING 200

DAILY EXPRESS.

LOUISVILLE.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1869.

AWFUL TRAGEDY.

Outrages of United States Soldiers.
The military are carrying things with high, and it may be said, bloody hands, in Texas. Here are two of their latest exploits, firing into a bridal party, and the killing of the brother, Grimes. The Houston Telegraph, of October 24th, has the following:

We learn that while a party was assembled at the residence of Mr. Hargrave, in Reed's prairie, Grimes county, on Thursday night, to attend the marriage of Mr. H.'s daughter, and a few minutes after the ceremony had been performed, a company of soldiers, in pursuit of some one supposed to be there, surrounded the house, and demanded its surrender. Mr. Hargrave offered to surrender the house and every one in it, and went out to the captain of the squad. The report is that while Mr. H. was out, a pistol in the hands of a young man in the house went off accidentally.

The soldiers in front of the house immediately opened fire. A Mr. Russell had just stepped upon the gallery to get a drink, when she was hit and killed with a bullet, and the log with which she was shot, and subsequently killed. Mr. Fisher was also killed. Bella Pearce and Mrs. Autery were wounded. With the first shot, the gentlemen in the house started every one to lie down flat upon the floor. But for this, our informant thought, many more lives would have been lost. The groom and several others were arrested and carried off.

The Examiner has the following some what different version of this affair from that given in its extra:

Thomas and Henry Grimes visited Waco, on the 17th, for the purpose of purchasing a suit of clothes for one of them, who was preparing for his wedding. Both had recently returned from the North, where they had been with a drove of bees, and seemed to have plenty of money. In the excitement of their gaiety, natural to the hour and circumstance, they indulged in much liquor and became somewhat boisterous, but they were soon fully persuaded to leave town. They rode off quickly, but a short distance from one of them fell off his horse.

Coupons, a Federal soldier, and meeting as one of the city police, then procured a horse and follows them, but the pair did not seem to be afraid. When Coupons rode up to the horses, they reached the residence of Col. George Barney, about one mile from the city, where one of them again fell from his horse, and so drunk that he even scarcely remount him, detained here by all the movements of Federal Cavalry. The latter commences, the being about simultaneous, and according to the version of this horrid affair, Coupons is shot in the hand. The Federal soldiers having discharged their pieces, left to reload, and the two brothers, one with a loaded pistol, rode on. Mr. John Barney's hand was cut by the blow of the pistol, just before his hand, when the soldier was leaning on in his tent after the flying brother, and as soon as they reach the top of the hill and discover the two, they fire upon them and continue firing until the unfortunate brothers are dead or riddled with balls. Such is the latest moment of this awful tragedy, that has changed in a few hours bridal robes into scenes of carnage.

A New Way of Dredging Tax Freight.
From the New Orleans News.

A case of extraordinary interest is engaging the attention of the Second District Court, and so far the testimony reads like a clever romance. In fact, the circumstances bear a striking resemblance to those Miss Southworth worked into "The Hidden Hand."

In August last, Albany Barrett, testamentee, executor and universal legatee of the succession of Mrs. Christina Chandler, sued an injunction against E. D. Beach, curator of the stock of Henrietta Newsom, predicting him from selling a piece of ground situated on Canal street, and claimed as part of the succession of said Henrietta Newsom, on the grounds that the property had been simply transferred to Henrietta Newsom by Mrs. Chandler, her mother, who had always held possession of the property.

The injunction came on for trial on its merits yesterday. Anthony Barrett, called to the stand, testified to his knowledge the property belonged to Mrs. Chandler referring to Henrietta Newsom as the only transfer to her. He further stated that he had always referred to her as Henrietta Newsom.

Americans in Paris.
The Paris correspondent of the London Telegraph, writing on the 13th of October, says:

I cannot help again referring to the preponderance in Paris of American society—very happily for Paris; for where the Russians and the English have great English—nobody exactly knows, they are supposed to be well off between Siberia and America—and the Americans have a general air of wealth and good taste, which they are not above. As for our Transatlantic cousins, they have really a Paris in Paris. They have a "quarter"—the best, they are just starting a club—a thing which English energy has not yet been able to do, they have several banks, and five paper, established "bars"—do not mean a "bar" of advocates out of whose mouths wise things flow, but a "bar" of general visitors into whose mouths good things go; they perfectly popular the Grand Hotel, the life of which grand encravement, with its place for refreshment, its "life," its lounging, mooning sort of ways, they thoroughly enjoy. Waiting two hours till the carriage comes just suits them. It strikes me that an American could wait forever. Well, the Americans seem to do everything, spend everything, enjoy everything in Paris. We must add that they are charming in every way. Mind there are Americans and Americans; and I speak of the best, to whom Paris is much indebted, for prices have now frightened away the English, and polités, or rather the bulk of them, has done the same by the French.

OUTRAGES OF LOYAL LEAGUERS IN NORTH CAROLINA.

Partnership of Governor Holden.
From the Wilmington Journal, Oct. 27.

A series of outrages, consisting of murder, arson, robbery, burn-burning and larceny, carried on for months by members of the Loyal League, and spreading terror throughout Jones and Lenoir counties, caused the formation of counter organizations. These were done to less organized originally for self-protection, but, incensed at the bold and heinous outrages of the League, the passions of the members excited by the murder of innocent men, women and children, and the flames of burning dwellings, their acts have been, in some cases, as lawless and violent as were those which gave excuse, and cause to those organizations. The murder of Col. Nethercott, while surrounded by his family at evening prayers, and the burning of his dwelling, his wife and children deprived by the act of husband and father and homeless; the murder of the Foscue family, including father, mother, and child, the burning of barns; the highway robberies; the numerous thefts committed entirely by members of a secret, oath-bound organization, under control of strangers and vagabonds, left in that impenetrable section by desertions, and the debris of the disbanding Federal armies excused, if it did not justify, the formation of organizations for self-protection. The law was ineffectual to stop these crimes. Neither the military commander at Charleston nor his subordinates at Raleigh or Newbern were disposed or able to check them. The citizens felt no confidence in the ability or the will of the irresponsible men in whose hands Generals Sicks and Canby had placed the execution of the laws. All was chaos and confusion. Violence begat violence, and murder induced murder. Bad men mock'd at the majesty of the law and bad officials did not desire order and peace, and did not possess the moral power to restrain the commission of crime. A somewhat similar condition of affairs was brought about in Orange and Chatham until recently two of the most quiet and orderly counties in the State, by precisely the same class of criminals instigated by members of the Loyal League. From their settlement, Hillsboro and Pittsboro have been the seats of learning and refinement and for the high literary, social and moral tone of their society. The University of the State situated near the dividing line of the two counties, has given character to and exercised a wholesome control over the people. These influences have been felt, and Orangefield and Chatham hold enviable positions in the State's history. Late, organized bands of Loyal Leaguers have in quick succession threatened and committed rape, burn-burns, and robberies, and appeals to the law, and the commissioning of an official spy of notorious bad character and the efforts of good citizens to put down lawlessness have met with insult from the the "official organ of the State." Yet when the Governor of the State sees fit to call public attention to these outrages, he has nothing to command in the law-burners, but finds fault only with those who punish them. He prefers no charges against the vicious rascals, and expresses no sympathy for the innocent victim of his wicked lust, but they only the defenders of female innocence and helplessness. Throughout the entire proclamation only the offences of one of the opposing organizations are recited, while those of the other, for which these were in retaliation, are hid behind this official screen. Governor Holden needs either the manliness or honesty to meet the crisis squarely in the face. While exercising the functions of his office as Governor of the State, he lacks the courage or the desire to forget that he is president of the longest and most political offspring of the nation, and that his chief concern in behalf of public weal, go to the authors of his official position. To Richard S. Shofford a large framed picture of "Christ in the Hall of Judgment." To Sidney Webster a large picture of "Christ, Peter and Tribune Money." To Mrs. Ray, wife of F. Ray, of Andover, a painting of the Harbor of Venice and a small rosewood and ivory toilet case; to her daughter, Georgia, a sketch by her mother in North Hampton, N. H. All the rest and residue of my estate, of every kind and description, real, personal or mixed valued at about \$19,000. I give to Frank H. Pierce.

A few verbal bequests of mementoes were made during General Pierce's last illness. The value of the whole estate is estimated at about \$8,000.

THE WILL OF EX-PRESIDENT FRANKLIN PIERCE.

The will of the late ex-President Franklin Pierce was admitted to probate at Concord, New Hampshire, on Tuesday last. It is dated January 22, 1868, and witnessed by Benjamin Grover, Charles Minot and Josiah Minot, the last named being appointed sole executor, and he has given bond in the sum of \$60,000. The following are the bequests:

To Henry D. Pierce, his brother, \$7,000; to Susan Pierce, wife of Henry D. Pierce, \$3,000, for her own use and control; to Kirk D. Pierce, a son of Henry D., \$10,000; to Mary M. Aiken, \$1,000; to Anna Parker, F. Parker, Jane Hawthorne and Jennie Aiken, \$300 each; to Harriet Bond, Frank P. Bond, Jane Appleton, Georgiana George, Georgia Ray and Bella Ray, \$200 each; to Anna Wootworth, Fanny Polk, Charlotte J. Bond and Solomon McNeil, \$200 each; to Una Julian and Rose Hawthorne, children of Nathaniel Hawthorne, \$500 each; to Prof. Charles A. Aiken, \$500; to John McNeil, a nephew, \$1,000; to Anna and Fanny, his children, \$300 each to Joseph Minot, \$1,000, a picture of the grand plaza in Mexico and a cane; to his three daughters, \$200 each; to Benjamin Pierce Moore, of Hillsborough, \$300; to Benjamin Pierce, George, Georgia Ray and Bella Ray, \$1,000; to Joseph Robinson Gold, Mrs. Sarah Williams of Concord, \$3,000, a small picture and a Japanese box; to the City of Concord, \$1,000 for a public library, as a perpetual fund, the annual income to be expended for the purchase of books.

The following are special bequests: To Kirk Dearborn Pierce, the sword presented to me by the ladies of Concord in 1857. To Frank Hawthorne Pierce, the sword presented to me by the State of New Hampshire. To Col. Thomas J. Whipple, a case of pistols and all other articles used by me in the Mexican service. To Col. Edward P. Pierce, a steel and ebony sword, T. Colman Thomas H. Seymour, a cane made from the flagstaff at Chepulpec. To Colonel John H. George, the best horse owned by me, to be selected by him, and a hickory cane with my name worked in Roman letters on the knob. To Hon. Clement Marsh a hickory cane in his possession. To Charles S. Davies, of Portland, the Cincinnati badge worn by my father, Benjamin Pierce, now in said Davies' possession. To Hon. Henry D. Pierce my Cincinnati badge. To Hon. Josiah G. Abbott the Fletcher cane. To Franklin Pierce Abbot a framed picture of "The Peasant." To James E. Langdon of Plymouth, a cane presented to me in January, 1855. To Charles H. Norton, of Concord, the best carriage and sleigh owned by me, to be selected by him. To Andrew D. Pierce, Jr., two octagonal pictures, "Hagar and Child" and "Desolation of Sodom." To Thomas W. Pierce, of Boston, an Ironside cane and pictures of "Judith and Holophernes." To Richard S. Shofford a large framed picture of "Christ in the Hall of Judgment." To Sidney Webster a large picture of "Christ, Peter and Tribune Money." To Mrs. Ray, wife of F. Ray, of Andover, a painting of the Harbor of Venice and a small rosewood and ivory toilet case; to her daughter, Georgia, a sketch by her mother in North Hampton, N. H. All the rest and residue of my estate, of every kind and description, real, personal or mixed valued at about \$19,000. I give to Frank H. Pierce.

A few verbal bequests of mementoes were made during General Pierce's last illness. The value of the whole estate is estimated at about \$8,000.

SOLEIL DE UN AUSTRIAN NOBLE.

The Pall Mall Gazette gives the following account of the soleil de un austrian noble, a woman of Vienna.

It furnishes still another illustration of the sorcery and malice of the Austrian nobility.

It is in behalf of public weal, go to the authors of his official position.

We had hoped that Governor Holden, in the exigency of the moment, would sink the politicians in the state—so that he would gain control in the law-burners, but finds fault only with those who punish them.

He prefers no charges against the vicious rascals, and expresses no sympathy for the innocent victim of his wicked lust,

but they only the defenders of female innocence and helplessness.

Throughout the entire proclamation only the offences of one of the opposing organizations are recited, while those of the other, for which these were in retaliation, are hid behind this official screen.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.*

This hair is thickened, falling hair increased, and boldness often, though not always, cured by its use.

Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as repair can be saved for usefulness by this application.

Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep clean and vigorous.

Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness.

Frogs from these deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it.

If wanted merely for a dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.*

This preparation is carefully compounded of purely vegetable ingredients, and never fails, when properly taken, to cure the most obstinate case of fever and ague, neuralgia and all nervous diseases.

Unlike other remedies generally, it requires no purgative to be taken with it, the medicine itself acting gently and agreeably upon the liver and bowels, effectively removing the cause of the disease, not merely temporarily checking it.

It herein consists one great advantage it has over all other preparations, the crowning excellence of this remedy, however, above the permanency and certainty of its cure, is that no injury whatever can arise from its use, as is certain to be the case when quinine or arsenic are taken, which are principles of most of the chills medicaments now in use.

Quinine, acting upon the nervous system, produces, according to our best authorities, "a feeling of tightness or distension of the head, ringing, buzzing or roaring in the ears, partial deafness, &c."

Dr. RICHARD'S GOLDEN BALM is a radical cure for Nervous or General Debility, and for all Diseases resulting from weak digestion, and debilitated constitution.

It is a safe, agreeable and reliable tonic, in all Kidney and Bladder trouble.

My experience of Thirty Years enables me to select the finest and best Balsom Whisky for this article, and to combine with it, to render it the most effective tonic in the world.

I do not pretend to place this medicine in comparison with the most celebrated nostrums of the day, as it is a great sovereign remedy, which nothing but the material can give, and which cannot be equaled with mean liquor and cheap drugs.

I have the privilege of referring to some of the principal physicians in Kentucky.

W. H. WALKER & CO., Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealers, General Wholesale Agents,

55 Main-street, Louisville, Ky.

Contains No Quinine or Arsenic, nor Any Deleterious Substance Whatever.

For Consumption and Chronic Coughs, Catarrh, Bronchitis and Debility.

From any Diseases, it is a safe, agreeable and reliable tonic, in all Kidney and Bladder trouble.

My experience of Thirty Years enables me to select the finest and best Balsom Whisky for this article, and to combine with it, to render it the most effective tonic in the world.

I do not pretend to place this medicine in comparison with the most celebrated nostrums of the day, as it is a great sovereign remedy, which nothing but the material can give, and which cannot be equaled with mean liquor and cheap drugs.

I have the privilege of referring to some of the principal physicians in Kentucky.

W. H. WALKER & CO., Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealers, General Wholesale Agents,

55 Main-street, Louisville, Ky.

Contains No Quinine or Arsenic, nor Any Deleterious Substance Whatever.

For Consumption and Chronic Coughs, Catarrh, Bronchitis and Debility.

From any Diseases, it is a safe, agreeable and reliable tonic, in all Kidney and Bladder trouble.

My experience of Thirty Years enables me to select the finest and best Balsom Whisky for this article, and to combine with it, to render it the most effective tonic in the world.

I do not pretend to place this medicine in comparison with the most celebrated nostrums of the day, as it is a great sovereign remedy, which nothing but the material can give, and which cannot be equaled with mean liquor and cheap drugs.

I have the privilege of referring to some of the principal physicians in Kentucky.

W. H. WALKER & CO., Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealers, General Wholesale Agents,

55 Main-street, Louisville, Ky.

Contains No Quinine or Arsenic, nor Any Deleterious Substance Whatever.

For Consumption and Chronic Coughs, Catarrh, Bronchitis and Debility.

From any Diseases, it is a safe, agreeable and reliable tonic, in all Kidney and Bladder trouble.

My experience of Thirty Years enables me to select the finest and best Balsom Whisky for this article, and to combine with it, to render it the most effective tonic in the world.

I do not pretend to place this medicine in comparison with the most celebrated nostrums of the day, as it is a great sovereign remedy, which nothing but the material can give, and which cannot be equaled with mean liquor and cheap drugs.

I have the privilege of referring to some of the principal physicians in Kentucky.

W. H. WALKER & CO., Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealers, General Wholesale Agents,

55 Main-street, Louisville, Ky.

Contains No Quinine or Arsenic, nor Any Deleterious Substance Whatever.

For Consumption and Chronic Coughs, Catarrh, Bronchitis and Debility.

From any Diseases, it is a safe, agreeable and reliable tonic, in all Kidney and Bladder trouble.

My experience of Thirty Years enables me to select the finest and best Balsom Whisky for this article, and to combine with it, to render it the most effective tonic in the world.

I do not pretend to place this medicine in comparison with the most celebrated nostrums of the day, as it is a great sovereign remedy, which nothing but the material can give, and which cannot be equaled with mean liquor and cheap drugs.

I have the privilege of referring to some of the principal physicians in Kentucky.

W. H. WALKER & CO., Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealers, General Wholesale Agents,

55 Main-street, Louisville, Ky.

Contains No Quinine or Arsenic, nor Any Deleterious Substance Whatever.

For Consumption and Chronic Coughs, Catarrh, Bronchitis and Debility.

From any Diseases, it is a safe, agreeable and reliable tonic, in all Kidney and Bladder trouble.

My experience of Thirty Years enables me to select the finest and best Balsom Whisky for this article, and to combine with it, to render it the most effective tonic in the world.

I do not pretend to place this medicine in comparison with the most celebrated nostrums

DAILY EXPRESS.

ADVERTISING RATES

THE LOUISVILLE EXPRESS.

One insertion	\$1.00
Two insertions, each	50
One week	25
One month	10
Two months	15
Three months	20
Four months	25
Five months	30
Six months	35
Seven months	40
Eight months	45
Nine months	50
Ten months	55
Eleven months	60
Twelve months	65
Thirteen months	70
Fourteen months	75
Fifteen months	80
Sixteen months	85
Seventeen months	90
Eighteen months	95
Nineteen months	100
Twenty months	105
Twenty-one months	110
Twenty-two months	115
Twenty-three months	120
Twenty-four months	125
Twenty-five months	130
Twenty-six months	135
Twenty-seven months	140
Twenty-eight months	145
Twenty-nine months	150
Thirty months	155
Thirty-one months	160
Thirty-two months	165
Thirty-three months	170
Thirty-four months	175
Thirty-five months	180
Thirty-six months	185
Thirty-seven months	190
Thirty-eight months	195
Thirty-nine months	200
Forty months	205
Forty-one months	210
Forty-two months	215
Forty-three months	220
Forty-four months	225
Forty-five months	230
Forty-six months	235
Forty-seven months	240
Forty-eight months	245
Forty-nine months	250
Fifty months	255
Fifty-one months	260
Fifty-two months	265
Fifty-three months	270
Fifty-four months	275
Fifty-five months	280
Fifty-six months	285
Fifty-seven months	290
Fifty-eight months	295
Fifty-nine months	300
Fifty-one months	305
Fifty-two months	310
Fifty-three months	315
Fifty-four months	320
Fifty-five months	325
Fifty-six months	330
Fifty-seven months	335
Fifty-eight months	340
Fifty-nine months	345
Fifty-one months	350
Fifty-two months	355
Fifty-three months	360
Fifty-four months	365
Fifty-five months	370
Fifty-six months	375
Fifty-seven months	380
Fifty-eight months	385
Fifty-nine months	390
Fifty-one months	395
Fifty-two months	400
Fifty-three months	405
Fifty-four months	410
Fifty-five months	415
Fifty-six months	420
Fifty-seven months	425
Fifty-eight months	430
Fifty-nine months	435
Fifty-one months	440
Fifty-two months	445
Fifty-three months	450
Fifty-four months	455
Fifty-five months	460
Fifty-six months	465
Fifty-seven months	470
Fifty-eight months	475
Fifty-nine months	480
Fifty-one months	485
Fifty-two months	490
Fifty-three months	495
Fifty-four months	500
Fifty-five months	505
Fifty-six months	510
Fifty-seven months	515
Fifty-eight months	520
Fifty-nine months	525
Fifty-one months	530
Fifty-two months	535
Fifty-three months	540
Fifty-four months	545
Fifty-five months	550
Fifty-six months	555
Fifty-seven months	560
Fifty-eight months	565
Fifty-nine months	570
Fifty-one months	575
Fifty-two months	580
Fifty-three months	585
Fifty-four months	590
Fifty-five months	595
Fifty-six months	600
Fifty-seven months	605
Fifty-eight months	610
Fifty-nine months	615
Fifty-one months	620
Fifty-two months	625
Fifty-three months	630
Fifty-four months	635
Fifty-five months	640
Fifty-six months	645
Fifty-seven months	650
Fifty-eight months	655
Fifty-nine months	660
Fifty-one months	665
Fifty-two months	670
Fifty-three months	675
Fifty-four months	680
Fifty-five months	685
Fifty-six months	690
Fifty-seven months	695
Fifty-eight months	700
Fifty-nine months	705
Fifty-one months	710
Fifty-two months	715
Fifty-three months	720
Fifty-four months	725
Fifty-five months	730
Fifty-six months	735
Fifty-seven months	740
Fifty-eight months	745
Fifty-nine months	750
Fifty-one months	755
Fifty-two months	760
Fifty-three months	765
Fifty-four months	770
Fifty-five months	775
Fifty-six months	780
Fifty-seven months	785
Fifty-eight months	790
Fifty-nine months	795
Fifty-one months	800
Fifty-two months	805
Fifty-three months	810
Fifty-four months	815
Fifty-five months	820
Fifty-six months	825
Fifty-seven months	830
Fifty-eight months	835
Fifty-nine months	840
Fifty-one months	845
Fifty-two months	850
Fifty-three months	855
Fifty-four months	860
Fifty-five months	865
Fifty-six months	870
Fifty-seven months	875
Fifty-eight months	880
Fifty-nine months	885
Fifty-one months	890
Fifty-two months	895
Fifty-three months	900
Fifty-four months	905
Fifty-five months	910
Fifty-six months	915
Fifty-seven months	920
Fifty-eight months	925
Fifty-nine months	930
Fifty-one months	935
Fifty-two months	940
Fifty-three months	945
Fifty-four months	950
Fifty-five months	955
Fifty-six months	960
Fifty-seven months	965
Fifty-eight months	970
Fifty-nine months	975
Fifty-one months	980
Fifty-two months	985
Fifty-three months	990
Fifty-four months	995
Fifty-five months	1000

THE PACIFIC.

Koopmanschap and his Chinese.

Three Thousand of Them out of Employment.

Many of Them Returning Home.

Belle Boyd Sent to the Insane Asylum.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 31.

The Mechanics' Institute exhibition closed last night. The institute medal was awarded to the Pacific Rolling Mill. Receipts over \$50,000.

Koopmanschap has returned and will open one hundred Chinamen to work on the Memphis and El Paso railroad next week. He states that three thousand Chinamen are out of employment, and more are returning home at present than coming here, owing to the approaching national holidays of the empire.

Belle Boyd, the notorious Southern spy, has been sent to the insane asylum.

NEW YORK.

A DISASTROUS CONFLAGRATION.

A Statement of the Public Debt.

NEW YORK, October 31.

Between 12 and 1 o'clock this morning the plaining and molding mill of Ogden & Carpenter, in East Fifty-third street, below First avenue, was, with contents, entirely destroyed by fire. The loss of Ogden & Carpenter is estimated at \$50,000. Insured at \$15,000. John McKenney, wood turner, who occupied a portion of the building, lost \$5,000. No insurance. Seymour & Umphrey, cabinet makers, who occupied one floor, lost \$15,000. No insurance. The fire spread to the office and stable of Ward, Moton & Co., lime and stone yard adjoining, their loss is \$10,000. Insurance unknown.

Secretary Boutwell has directed the Assistant Treasurer at New York to give public notice that the sale of gold and purchase of bonds will be continued without change during the month of November.

A statement of the public debt, which will be published tomorrow, will show a decrease of \$7,382,710, making a total of \$2,332,979,65. The principal of the coin debt remains the same; the interest of the coin debt has increased \$981,183.25.

The lawful money debt has decreased \$2,395,060. Matured debt has decreased \$20,362.59. Matured debt has decreased, principal, \$32,710 interest, \$99,781. Demand notes have decreased \$1,385. Fractional currency has increased \$1,031,113.88. Gold certificates have increased \$1,318,800. The coin in the Treasury has increased \$1,190,052. Currency in the Treasury has increased \$1,187,871. Stinking fund has increased \$2,121,425. Bonds waiting the action of Congress have increased \$11,354. Cubitry balance \$7,248,295.21. Coin balance \$11,599,471.69.

EUROPE.

THE CONTEST FOR KING OF SPAIN.

Condition of the Spanish Finances.

PARIS, October 31.

The Italian Government reserves the right to reject the decisions of the Ecclesiastical Council, if they do not conform to the country and the spirit of the age.

MARSH, October 31.

Senior Arboles, in his budget just submitted to the Cortes, has announced that the financial deficit for the current year amounts to \$2,190,000 reals. He looks forward with hope to the ensuing fiscal year, extending from January 1st to January 1871. His estimate for which shows as before reported a surplus in favor of the treasury.

The prospects for the election of the Duke of Genua to the throne of Spain continue to improve. The number of deputies in the Cortes known to be in his favor is increasing. Yesterday 110 members, among them some Radicals, openly pronounced for him, but the majority of the people seem to be hostile to his election.

The merchants have presented a petition favoring Duke Montpensier.

It is again reported that Ministers Adams and Sotelo tendered their resignation.

It was officially announced in the Cortes yesterday that General Prim said that the government had to withdraw at an early day, but at present such a step could not be taken, because many conspirators still remained at large and the cases of several rebel leaders were pending before the court of war.

PARIS, October 31.

The public paper says the report that the Emperor is suffering from a relapse of his former illness is false. On Friday the Emperor experienced some neuralgic pains, but on Saturday they had disappeared.

Prince Napoleon has an interview with the Emperor yesterday. This event, coupled with the sudden arrival of Emile Olivier in Paris, has caused a revival of rumors that ministerial changes are contemplated. It is given out that Gen. Pleuris' mission to St. Petersburg is to induce Russia to join other great powers in general disarmament.

CHICAGO.

A DISTRESSING ACCIDENT.

Woman Killed by a Runaway Team.

CHICAGO, October 31.

Last evening, while Christian Benfield and Mrs. Christina Tackel were riding in a wagon, along Clybourn avenue, near the northern city limits, the horses took flight at some object on the roadside and started at a fearful speed in the dark. Mr. Benfield was soon thrown from the wagon and considerably hurt. The team finally brought up against a tree, shattering the wagon into many pieces and throwing Mrs. Tackel with great violence to the ground. She was taken to a house near by, where she expired in a few minutes.

AN elegant set of colors was presented to Mike McColl, the pugilist, last night. He is to travel to better condition than ever before, and his friends are confident that he will be victorious in the coming fight.

Mr. E. Fluke, of the United States coast survey, arrived last evening, for the purpose of determining the precise latitude and longitude of St. Louis, with the view of ascertaining the geographical position of the station near Alton, Illinois, at which observations of the eclipse on the 20th August were made.

CAIRO.

Found Dead in His Bed.

CAIRO, October 31.

Mr. Taylor, chief engineer of the new Central Concourse, passed away last evening at his residence at Mount Carmel. He was supposed to have heart disease. His wife was taken to the death. Suspicion rests on two persons who have been arrested.

MEMPHIS.

Port List—Fatal Accident.

MEMPHIS, October 31.

The weather is clear and pleasant. There was a heavy frost last night.

The following boats departed: Marble City, Vicksburg; Luminary, St. Louis; Richmond, Louisville.

The steamer Linton, which sank in the Arkansas river last week, has been raised. She will be brought here for repairs.

A little son of Alderman Cartwright was run over last evening by a wagon and fatally injured.

RIVER INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF LOUISVILLE.

SUNDAY, OCT. 31.

ARRIVALS—OCT. 31.

United States, C. H. Franklin, Cinc.

Falls City, Green R. Wauauita, Mem.